



# Experiences from trials with battery electric buses in Norway

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# Contents

- Battery electric trials in Norway
- User Experiences
- Costs of operations



Photo: Ruter



Photo: Nobina

# Ruter - 60 % of bus fleet full electric in 2025

## 2015 Stavanger

2 x city (Ebusco/Boreal),  
Kolumbus

## 2017 Stavanger

3 x city (Ebusco/Norgesbuss)  
Kolumbus

## 2017 Lillestrøm/Jessheim

10 x mini (IVECO/Taxus)  
Ruter

## 2017/2018 Oslo

2 x articulated (BYD/Nobina)  
2 x city (Solaris/Norgesbuss)  
2 x city (Solaris/Unibuss)  
Ruter

## 2018 Oslo

4 x mini (IVECO/Oslo Taxibuss)

## 2018 Kristiansand

5 x city (Solaris/Boreal)  
Kolumbus

## 2019 Trondheim

25 x city (Volvo 7900/Tide)  
10 x city (Heuliez/Tide)  
AtB

## 2019 Lillehammer

2 x city (Volvo 7900/Unibuss)  
Opplandstrafikk

## 2019 Drammen

6 x city (Volvo 7900/Nettbuss)  
Brakar

## 2019 Oslo area

42 x articulated (BYD/Nobina)  
30 x articulated (VDL Citeas/Unibuss)  
10 x 12m (VDL Citeas/Unibuss)  
17 x city (Volvo 7900/Norgebuss)  
Ruter

$$\sum = 172 ++$$

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# User experiences

- **Case study** based on semi-structured interviews of
  - Enterprises with **experience in operating battery-electric buses** in Norway
  - Sample based on the **project list of ENOVA** (the Norwegian Government Agency for the transition towards a low-emission society), and the **Norwegian Public Road Administration's vehicle registry Autosys**, as of Apr 2018
- Interviews with people **closely involved in vehicle purchase in each firm**
- **Interview questions** were related to **purchase process, technology, performance, service/maintenance, charging infrastructure, use of the existing fleet, investment and operation costs and incentives for enforced in-phasing of zero-emission vehicles**

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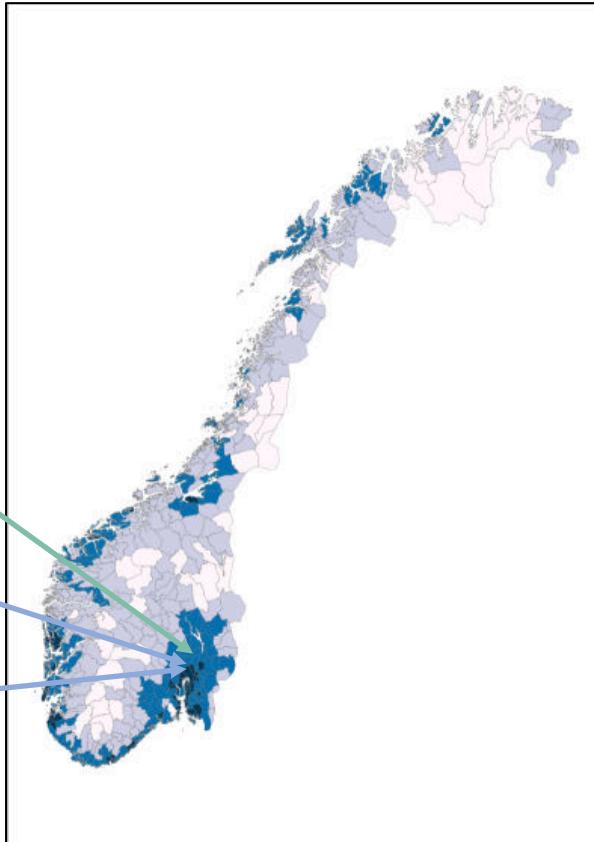
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**Opplandstrafik**

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**Ruter**



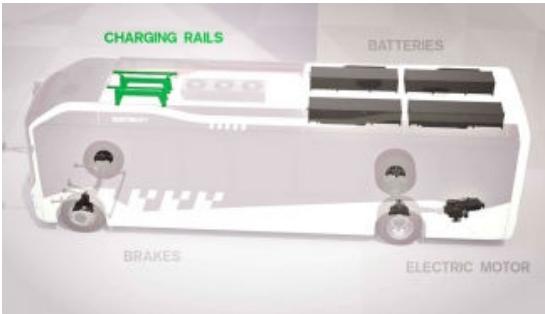
$$\sum = 172$$

# Busses used in the Oslo region trials

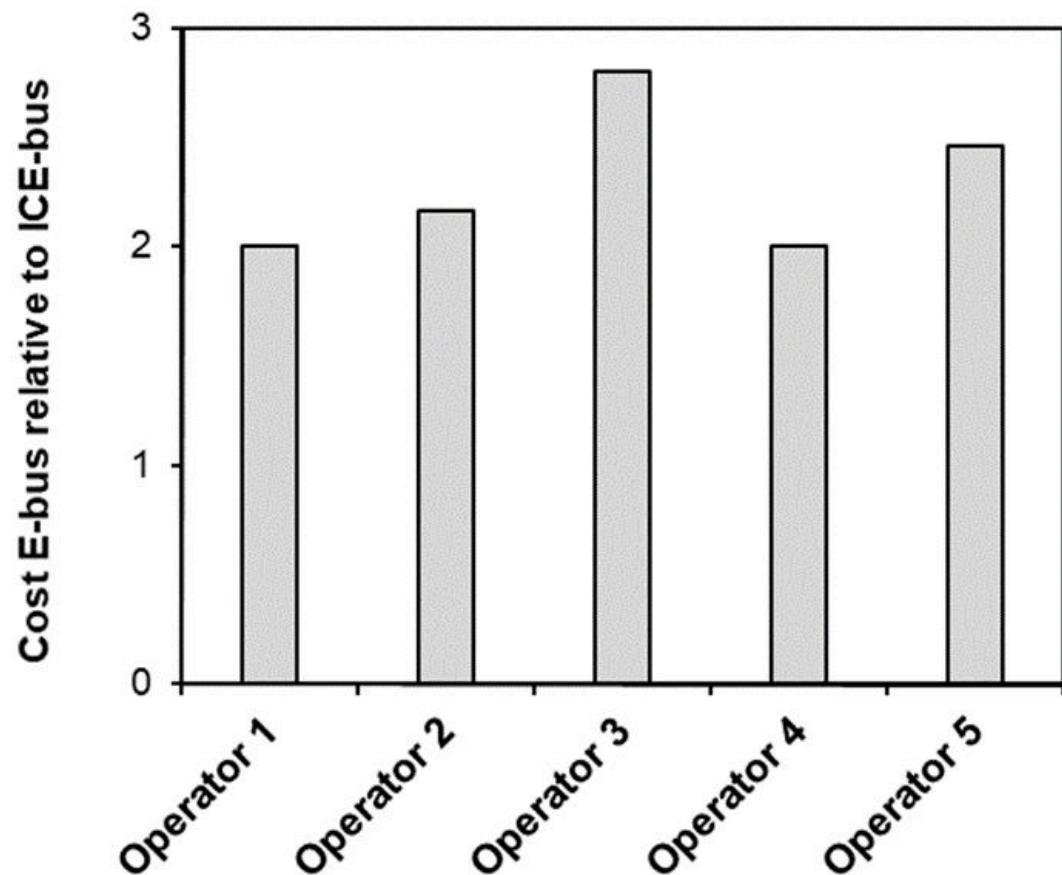
Operator	Technology employed		Range (km)	Manufacturer	Depot charging	Opportunity charging	Charge time (hours)
Taxus	Mini bus	Na-NiCl2 (90 kWh)	160	Iveco	11 kW		4
Oslo Taxibus	Mini bus	Na-NiCl2 (82 kWh)	150	Iveco	22 kW (public chargers for mini buses)		2
Nobina	Articulated bus	Lithium iron phosphate (300 kWh)	180	BYD	80 kW 300 kW planned		3.5
Norges-buss	City bus	Lithium-titanate (127 kWh)	240	Solaris	80 kW 250 kW pantograph/150 kW charger planned	Fast charger at endstation (pantograph)	1/0.1
Unibuss	City bus	Lithium-titanate (75 kWh)	45-50	Solaris	80 kW	300 kW (pantograph) at endstations planned	6/0.1

# Experience from operation

	Operator 1
Design (3.4.1)	Some height
Owners/drivers/passengers (3.4.2)	Low sound/
Energy use (3.4.3)	Extra energy
Range (3.4.4)	Affected by
Vehicle performance (3.4.5)	Technical p
Charging performance (3.4.6)	Some technr



Volvo 7900 Electric [Volvo.se](http://Volvo.se)



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# Total cost of ownership

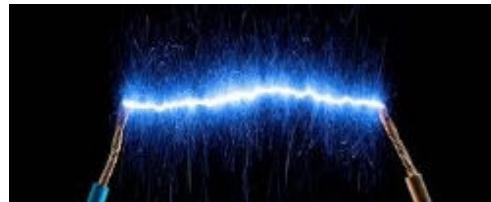
Costs normalised (per functional unit)



Vehicle investment



Operation



Charging infrastructure investment



Maintenance and repair



# Model assumptions



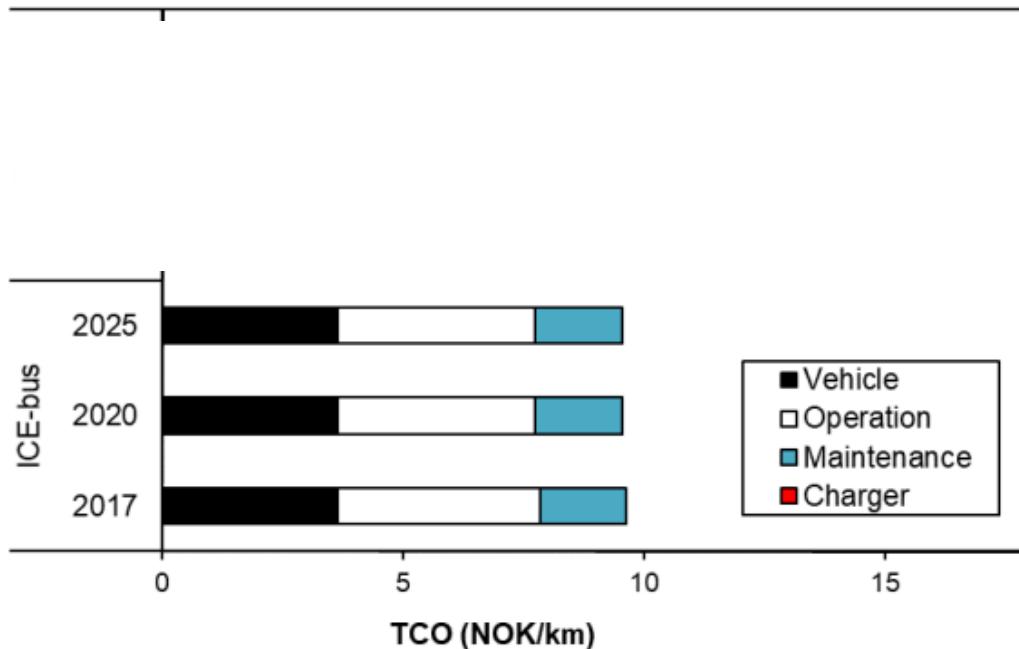
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Interviews

# Total cost of ownership City bus (12 meter)



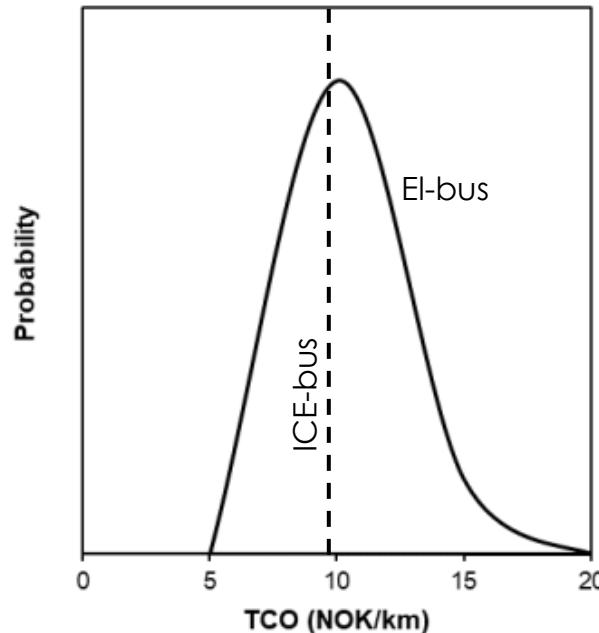
Current ICE-bus TCO compares well with other studies (8-10 NOK/km)

By 2025 E-bus TCO is comparable

Other studies find E-bus TCO favourable to ICE-buses by 2025, or is already favourable

# High TCO uncertainty

- Vehicle investment 2.5-3.5 MNOK.
- Max 10 % extra vehicle requirements
- Charger cost 0.4-1.25 MNOK, shared between 5 buses
- Maintenance 1.2 – 2.0 NOK/km
- Electricity costs 1.8-2.3 NOK/km



# Summary

- Market almost in place: Electric buses expected to be mass produced by 2020
- Generally good practical experience, where working correctly
  - Main issues related to engine power, charging and batteries
- Expected to be cost competitive by 2025.
  - Importance of accounting for uncertainties
- Future work
  - Refine cost model and assumptions, streamline with LCA

Thanks for your attention!

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Photo: Øystein Dahl Johansen/Ruter



Photo: Odd Richard Valmot