



**DRIVE
SYSTEM
DESIGN**

OUR **EXPERTISE** DRIVES **INNOVATION**


EVS35
OSL2022

Challenges in Optimising System NVH Performance of Electrified Powertrains through Developing Correlated Component Models

Speaker: George Scott

14th June 2022

www.drivesystemdesign.com



Why Simulation-Led Design for NVH?

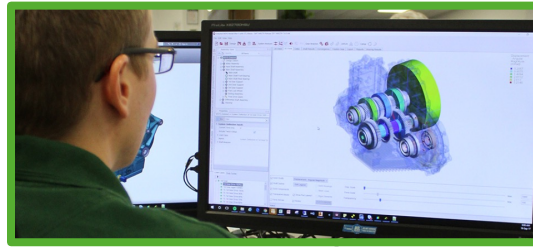
- Faster product to market



- Reduced development cost



- Improved reputation



Simulation-Led
Design Process

Traditional
Design Process

Engineering Effort ↑

\$

Late Emerging
NVH Issue



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Design

Timescale →

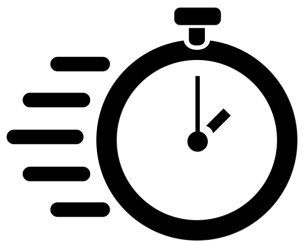
Hardware

System Level Modelling Approach

- Accurate simulation



- Fast solution times



Stator & Windings

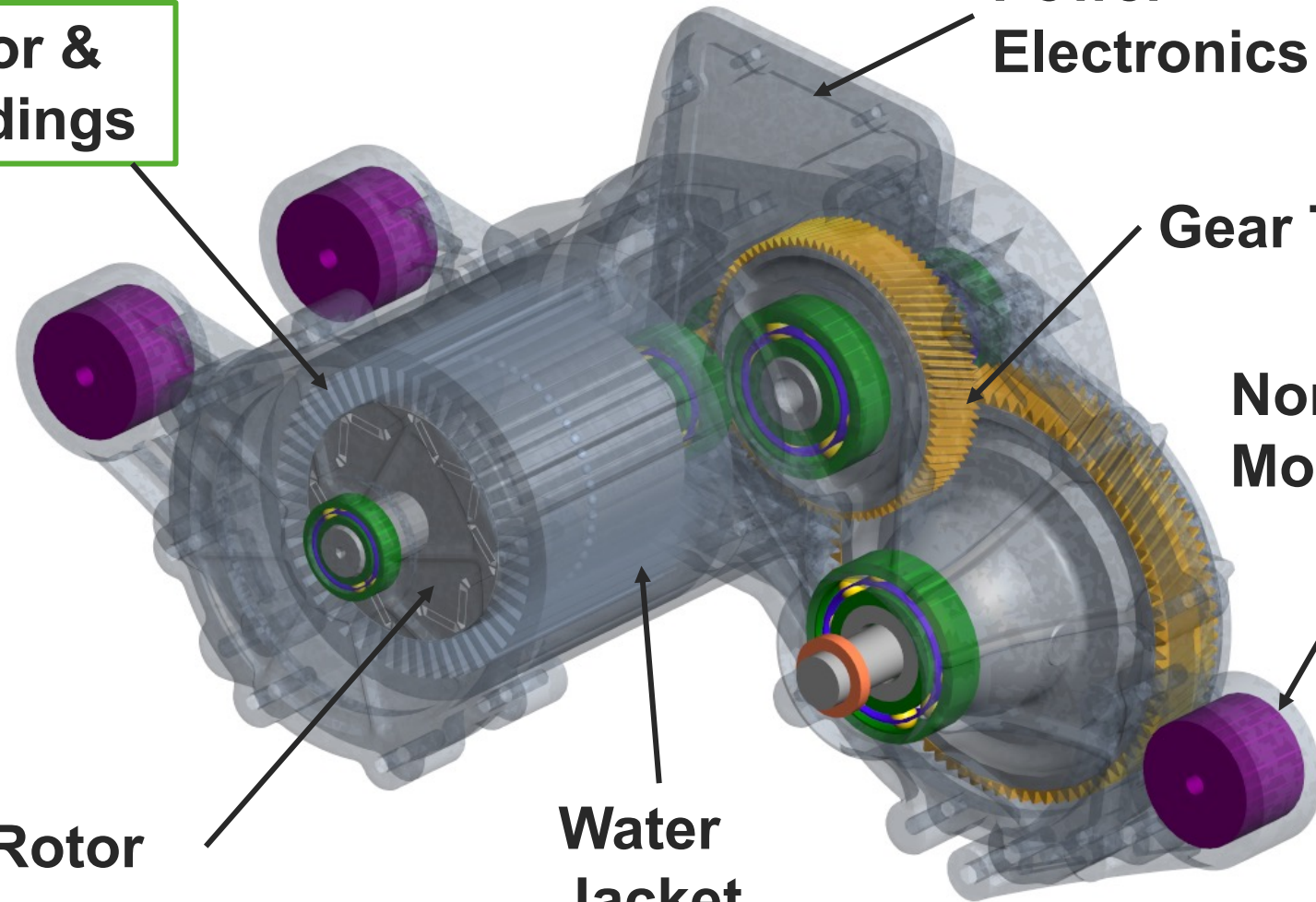
Power Electronics

Gear Train

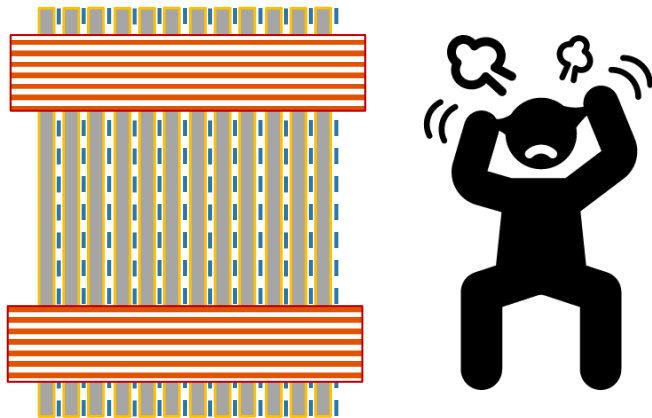
Non-Linear Mounts

Rotor

Water Jacket



Challenges in Modelling Joints and Contacts



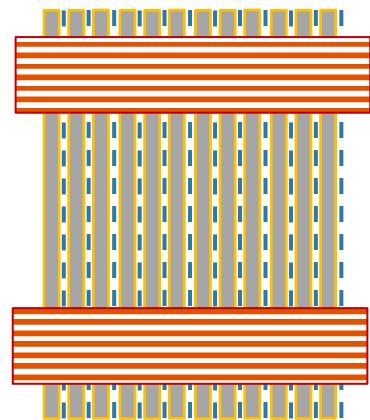
Steel Laminations

Bonding

Copper Wire

FE Joints/Contacts

Challenges in Modelling Joints and Contacts



Steel Laminations

Bonding

Copper Wire

FE Joints/Contacts



Isotropic



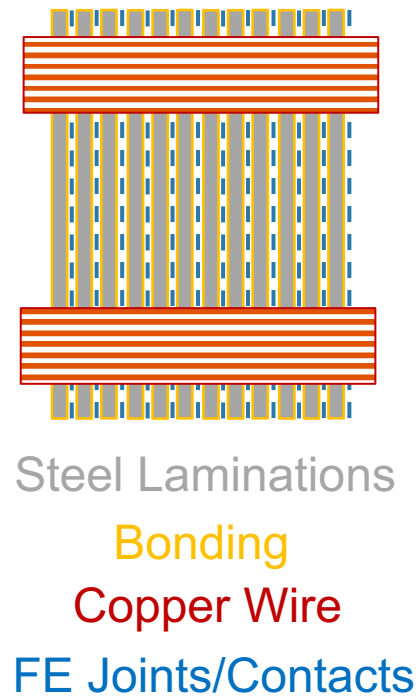
Material Properties

$$E_1 = E_2 = E_3$$

$$G_{12} = G_{13} = G_{23}$$



Challenges in Modelling Joints and Contacts



Orthotropic/Anisotropic

Solution

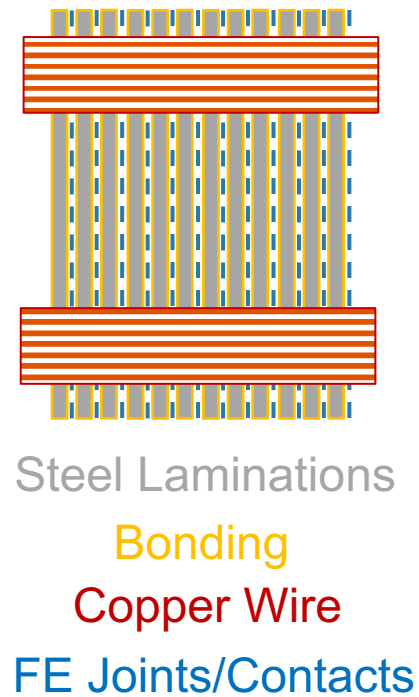
- Quick
- Accurate



Material Properties

$$E_1 \neq E_2 \neq E_3$$
$$G_{12} \neq G_{13} \neq G_{23}$$

Challenges in Modelling Joints and Contacts



Orthotropic/Anisotropic

Solution

- Quick
- Accurate



Material Properties

$$E_1 \neq E_2 \neq E_3$$

$$G_{12} \neq G_{13} \neq G_{23}$$



Modal Testing & Simulation Correlation

Inputs to System Model

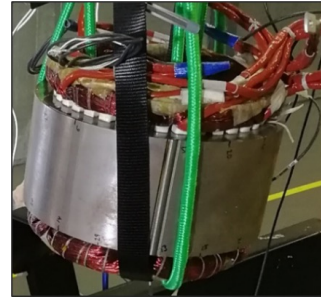
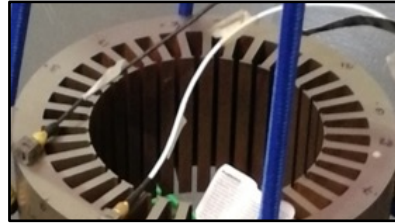


Modal Testing & Simulation Correlation

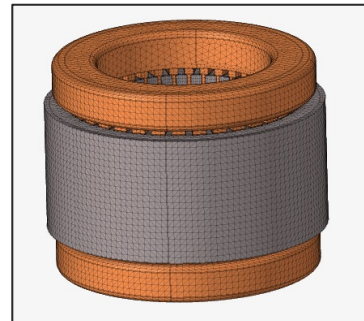
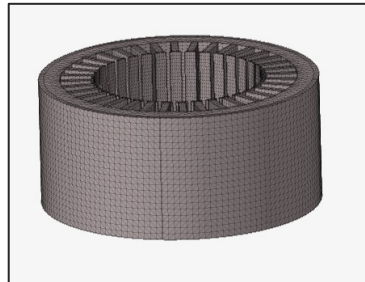
Inputs to System Model



Modal Testing



Modal Simulation

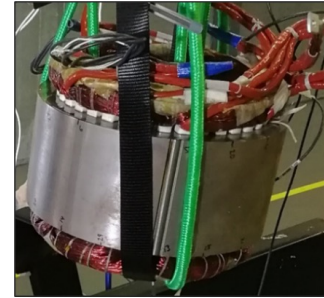
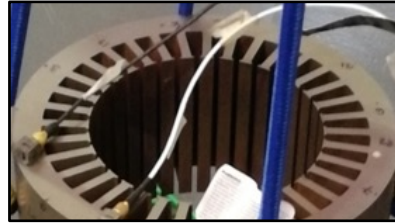


Modal Testing & Simulation Correlation

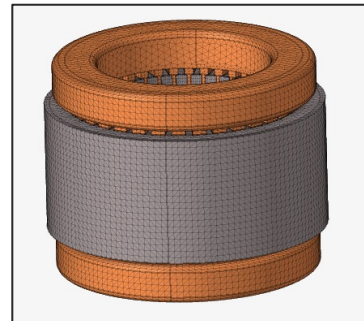
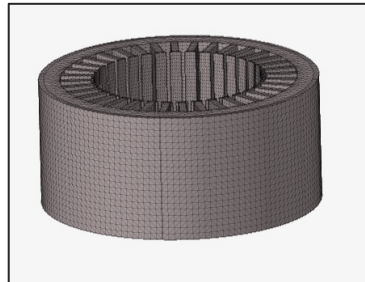
Inputs to System Model



Modal Testing

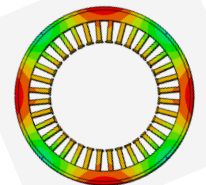


Modal Simulation



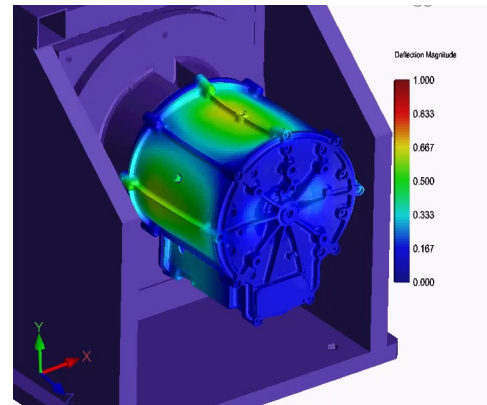
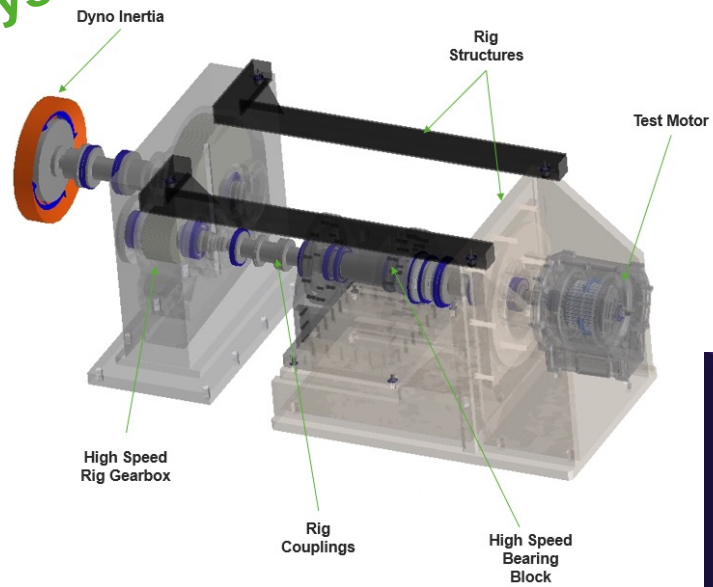
Simulation Correlation

Mode	#1 Ring 2,0 Mode	#2 Bending 2,1 Mode	#3 Tri-lobe 3,0 Mode
Tested Frequency (Hz)	675	780	1808
Simulated Frequency (Hz)	678	777	1775



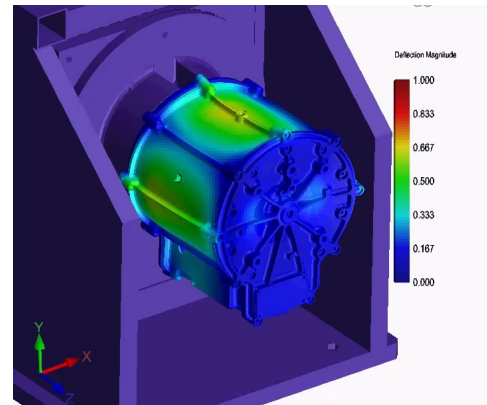
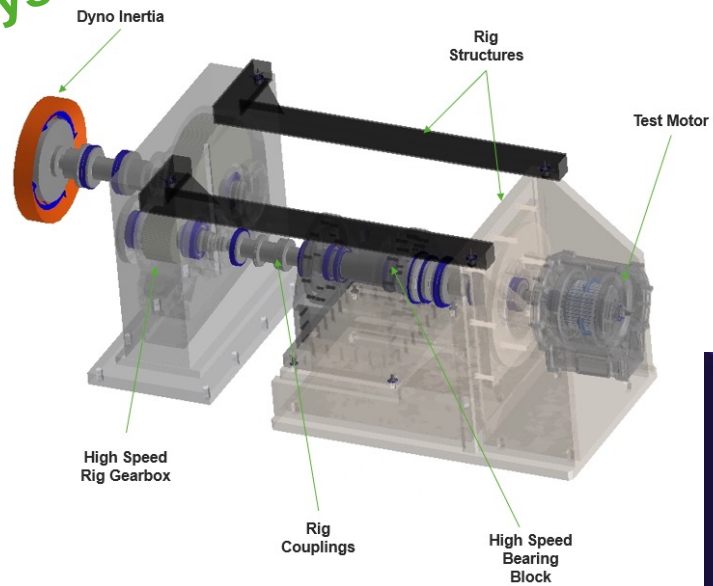
System NVH Response Correlation

Sub-System/System Simulation

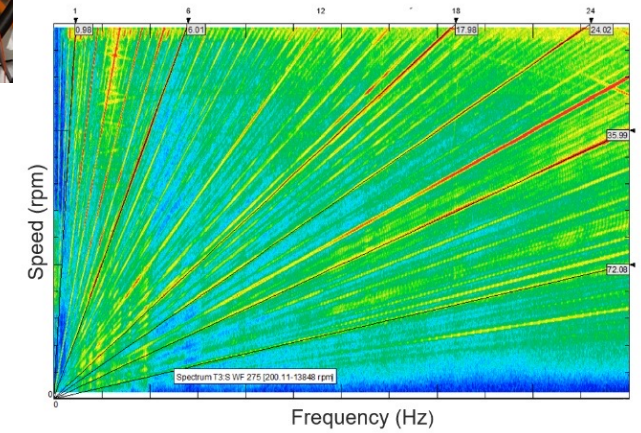
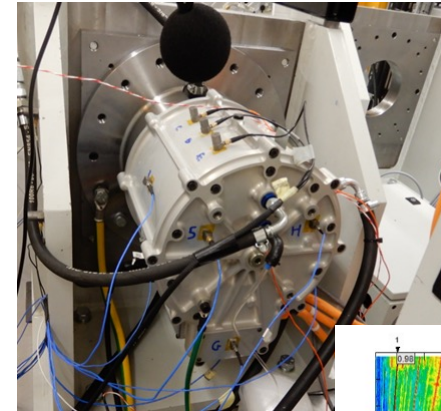


System NVH Response Correlation

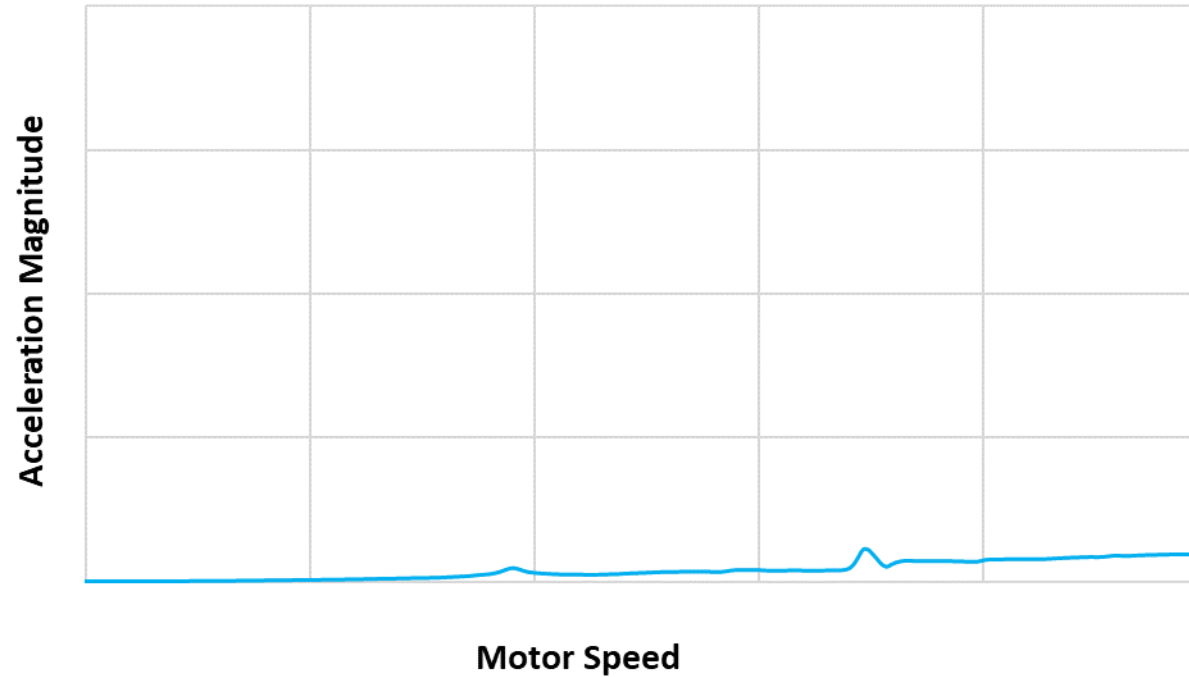
Sub-System/System Simulation



Sub-System/System Testing

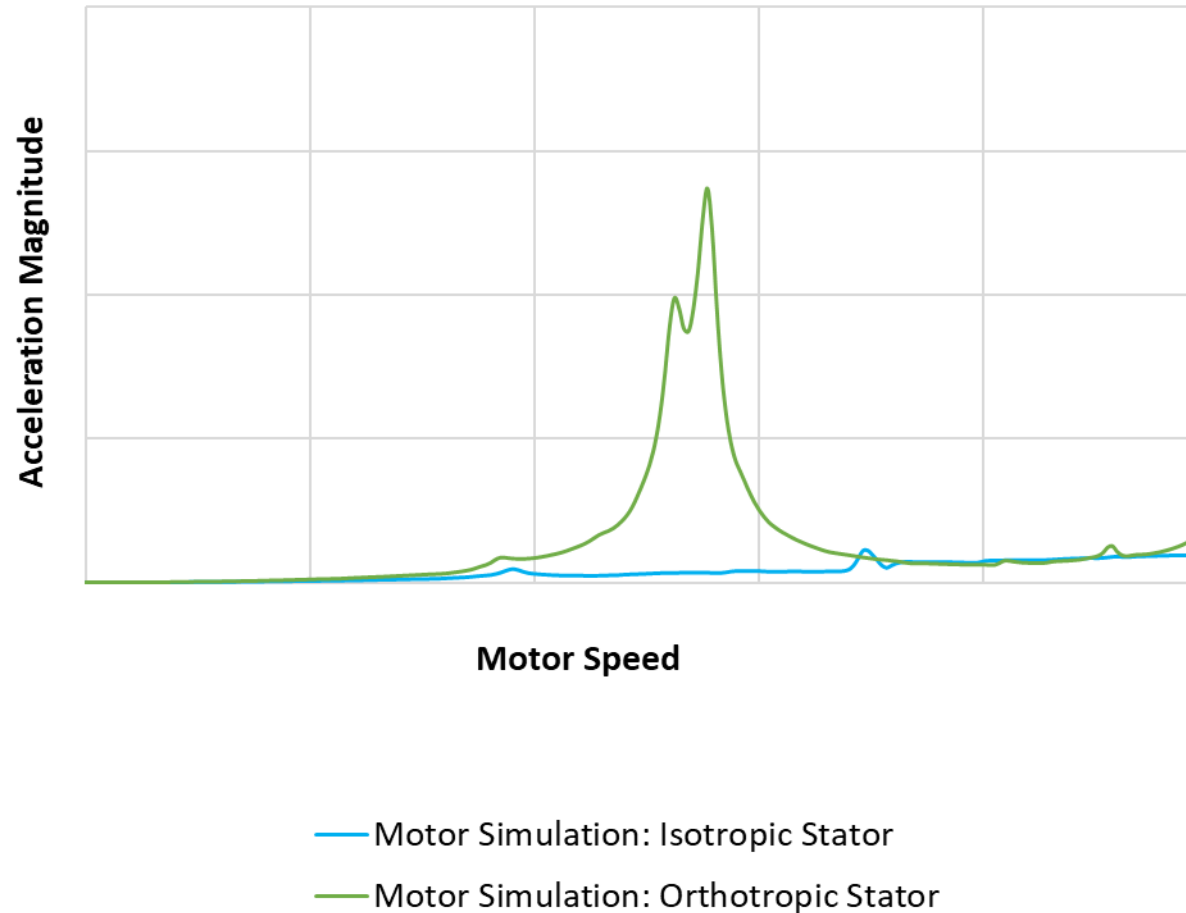


Motor NVH Response Correlation – 6th Order

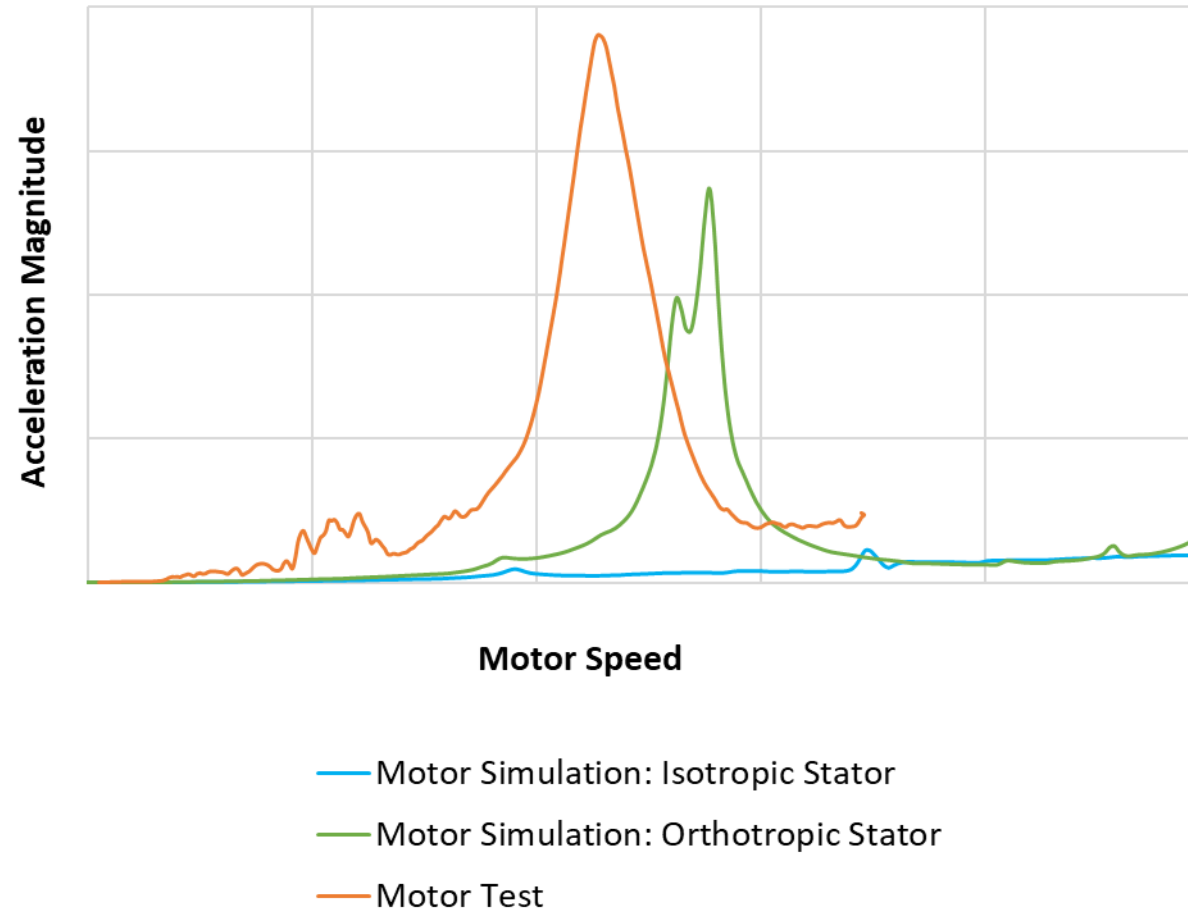


— Motor Simulation: Isotropic Stator

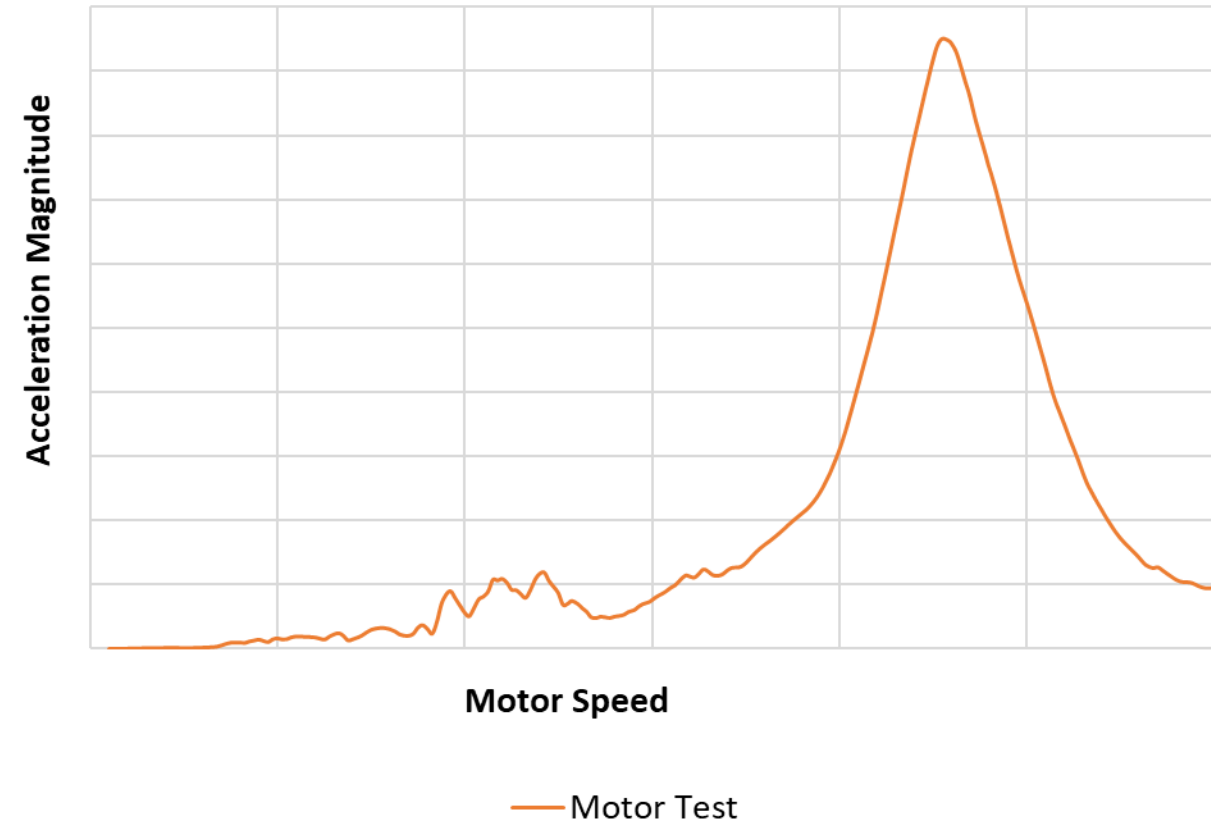
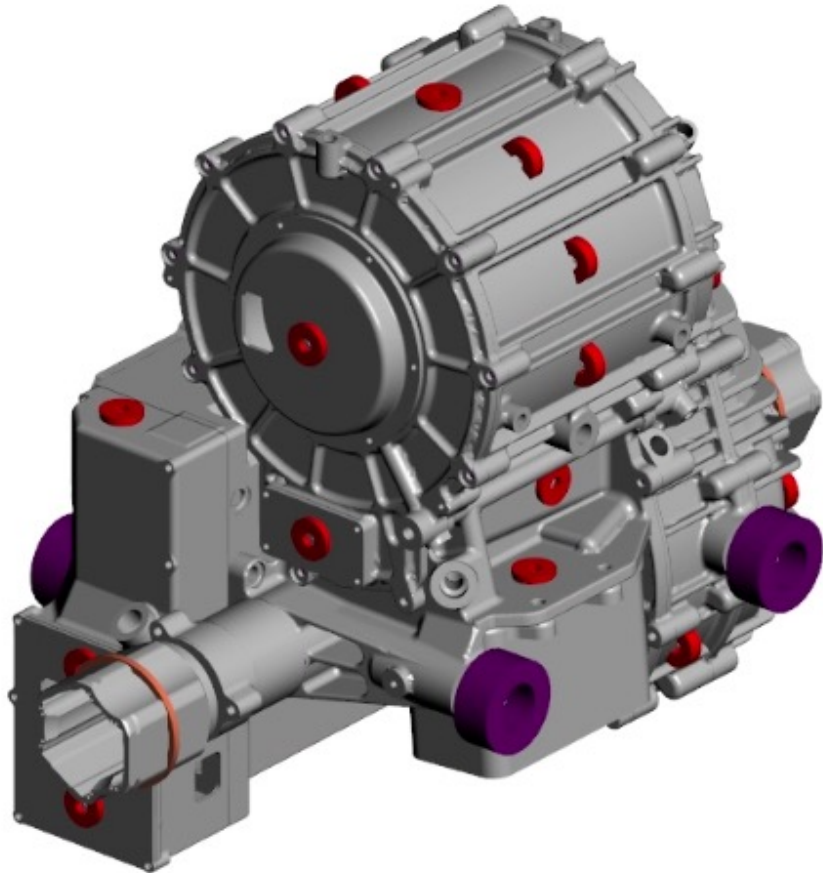
Motor NVH Response Correlation – 6th Order



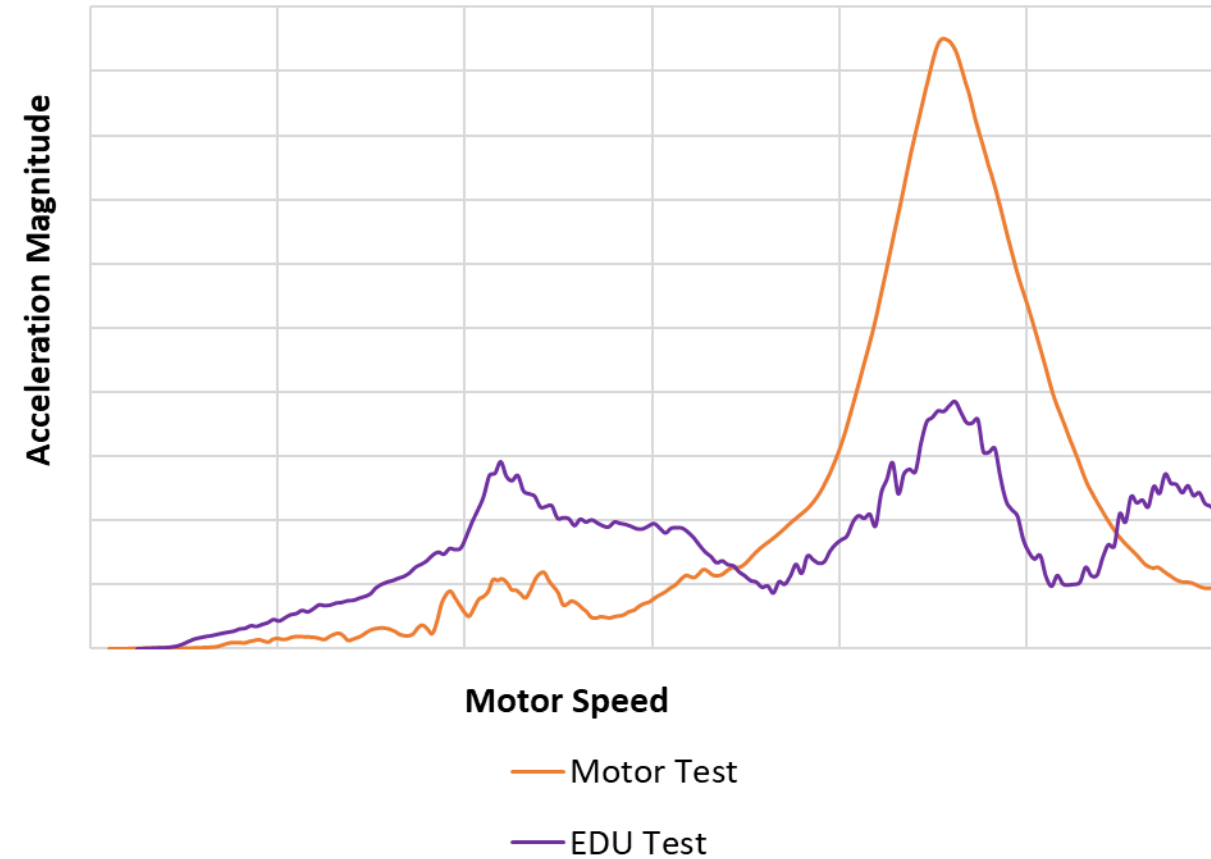
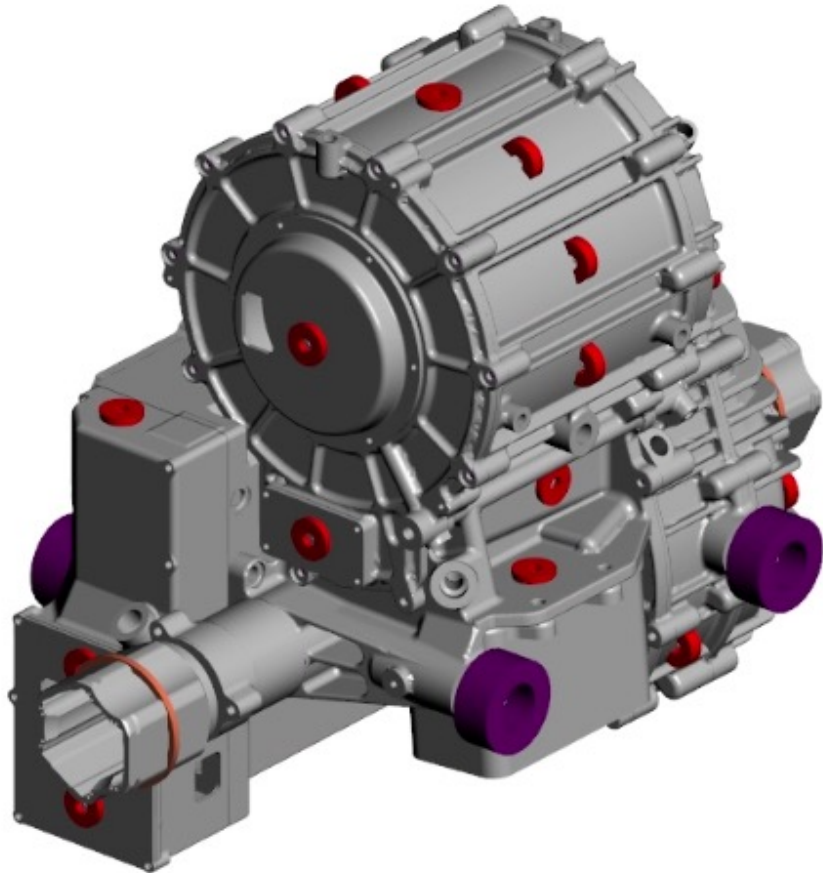
Motor NVH Response Correlation – 6th Order



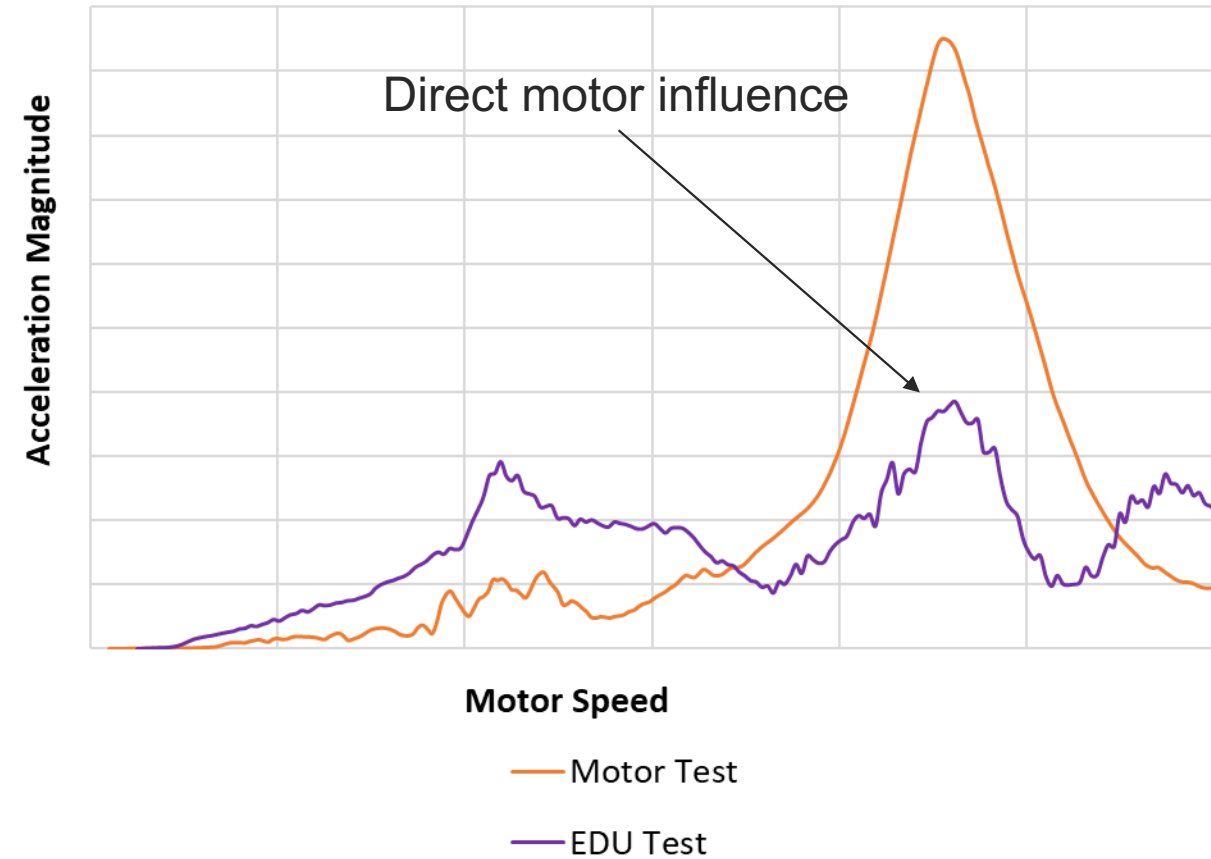
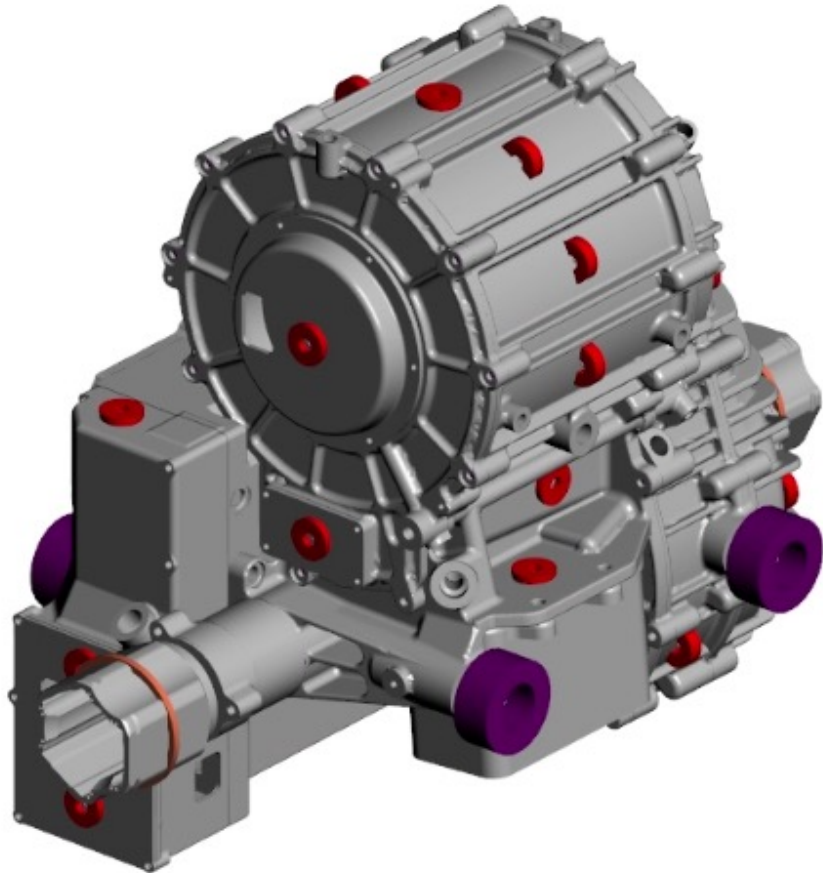
EDU System Response – 6th Order



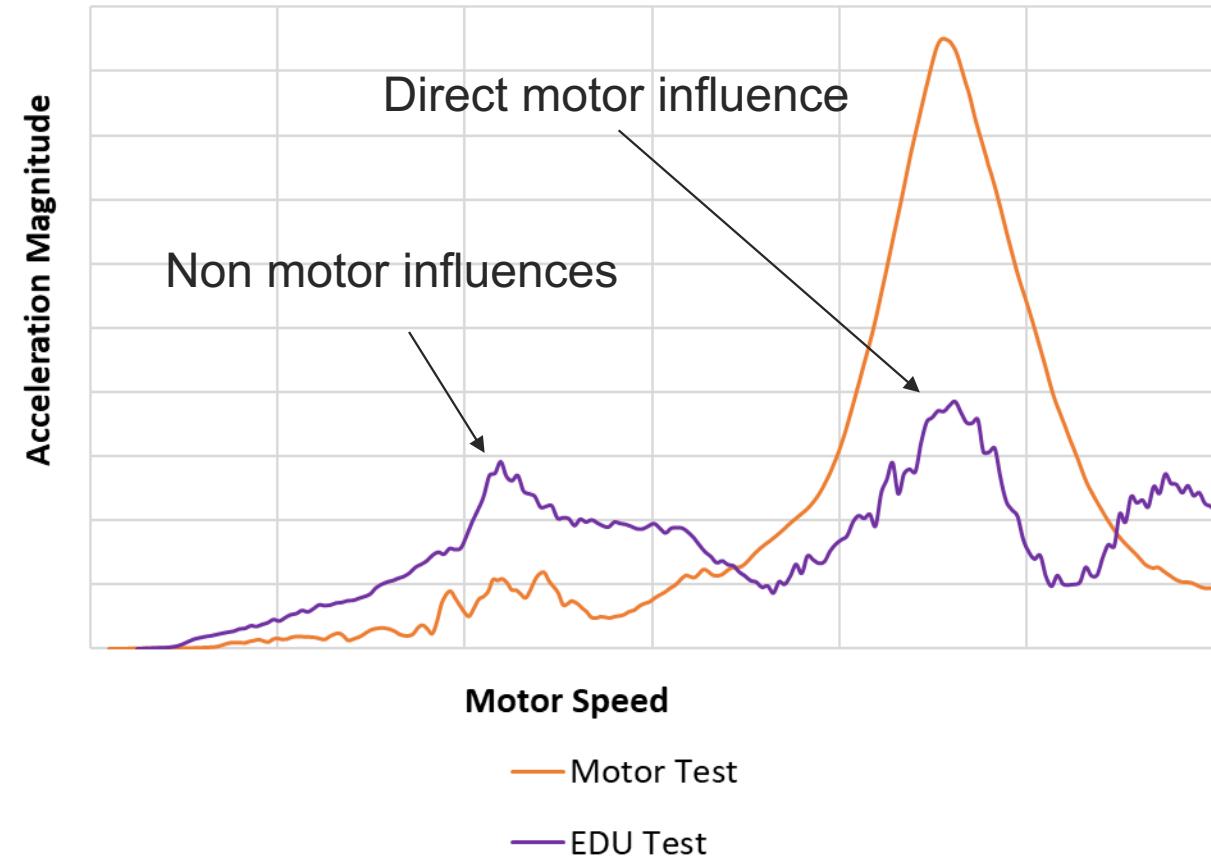
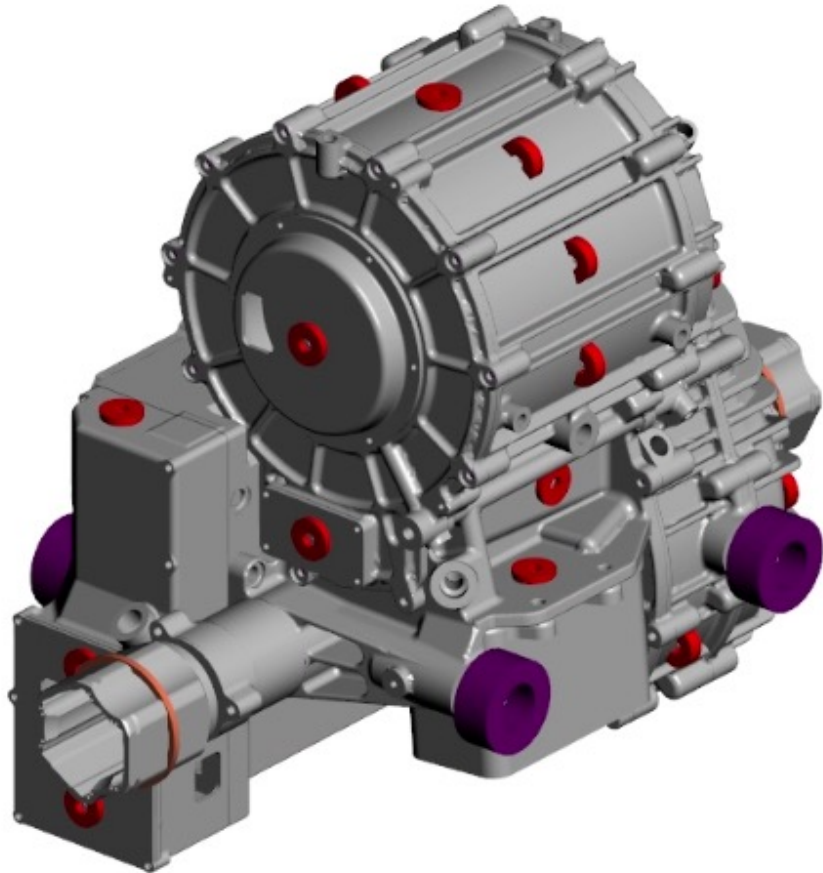
EDU System Response – 6th Order



EDU System Response – 6th Order



EDU System Response – 6th Order



In Conclusion

- Isotropic materials and joint simplifications are not adequate for system NVH modelling.
- Our process, using developed orthotropic material data in particular for stator components, allows NVH issues to be identified and rectified early in the design process.
- This enables:

faster product to market



reduced development cost



improved reputation



Please come see us after the session, or contact us:

info@drivesystemdesign.com